Bristol Dec.r 12 - 1851

My dear Miss Weston -

Has a long, but very due letter to Mr. Mary
been consumed my time & energy, I cannot let Mary's
letter go without attempting to thank you for your accept-
table one of Nov.r 11th written, I fear, under much pressure
of business. Indeed I did not expect you would have found time
to answer my Brighton letter then.

Pro & Cons - Fearing Mr. Garrison's answer to Mr. Grant
might prove a cutting one, I thought it well to prepare
him for it, & take off its edge - if it were to have one. This
I did by intimating upon Mr. G, that W.L.G. had no
many false friends, & actual traitors to the cause to deal
with, & that who were sure to use every & him Grant-
like of argument, that he (W.L.G) was liable to subject
all who them failed him as untrue in the cause -
The burthen of my song has ever been with Mr. Grant, W.L.G;
through & unselfish devotion to the cause - his unwillingness
to admit of any compromising it in letter or, & his conduct
if necessary, to die for it himself. After returning from
Brighton, I had several blank and interviews with Mr
G, & constantly pointed what I said has been useful. How I
know what the article in the Lib.r will prove to be, I
might have perhaps saved myself some trouble -
Your last letter to me contained some apt remarks
on Garrison & Mr. G. which my daughter copied, & sent
them to him, for he has a very exalted idea of your

{December 26.th} The above will afford evidence
of the material with which it is
asserted a man's place is "paved." I was unable
to enclose my letter ## to send it by the post on
the 12.th & in the following morning was confined by
an illness, during much of the time since I have
been confined, & am still a prisoner to No 47.

3 1/6

a character on this side the water

Whether my description of ~~an Englishwoman~~ will convey the impression I desire to you, I know not. Mr. Grant is a "Scotsman," (that means a great deal with us: despotically as they very courteous & polite, particularly to such as may promise to be useful or agreeable on further acquaintance) he is not a highly educated man, rather below that which an English clergyman generally is, (episcopalian I mean) moderately a strong headed one: shrewd of worldly knowledge; orthodox pastoral Calvinistic; probably really religious, - certainly not unaware of the advantage of being thought so. He has a large paper to conduct without any direct control, pecuniary, & its circulation has risen rapidly since he has had its sole management, - beyond 11,000 daily. He has always had a strong U.S. feeling, which was sharpened by the American, as respecting slavery, which will be published of ephemeral interest, & any effort all he said against slavery. He is a relation of Mrs Napier, & she made me write an A.S. article for the N. Adv. the 1st of Feb. 1849 of this year. When in London in June I called on Mr. G. & was surprised at the cordial welcome he gave me, - indeed at first doubted its sincerity, but in time was reassured. I believe he was really anxious to know about the New-Zealand, & I was glad to tell him right about W.L.G. &c &c further as no daily paper here but the Times daily about slavery. Mr G's intimacy with me has been most steady: his daily & nightly work, month after month, with only a few hours occasionally on Saturday afternoon, is really terrific & of the numerous letters he has written to me about slavery are surprising to me. He accepts all

my proposal to visit and care him to your mind. —
This was soon effected, & the two gentlemen departed
& things went on well till an unlucky contretemps occurred
which you shall hear when your hurry is calmed, for
am sure it is getting energetic. — Mr. G. drives a
better you have seen, & can form your own judgment
of his cast of mind. His views are not very enlarged
on the question, & he never will feel in unison cordially
with W.L.G. but he respects him, & I doubt not gives
him credit for a devotion to the A.S. cause which he
himself never felt in any cause, good christian good
Anti-Slavery man, good Anti Catholic, Pro Repealer
and good any thing, which he (Mr Grant) may be!

The warfare with the Churches on the Slave
question is his forte, — tho' he did not attack
the Sabbatical body; indeed he has been a host in
their conduct. In the church question I expect he
will stick, — perhaps not to the "B. & F. A.S. Soc."
Mr. Morris invited to another Grand Lunch given
[illegible] up by the "Committee" who own the premises
& who have occasional meetings to conduct
general conduct. The persons of G. attacks on
the "B. & F.A.S.S." were amusing & surprising: here
I suspect, he had been advised to show more gentle-
ness: — certainly his last letter actually bore
no allusion to the S.A.S. — my attack which
we call the "Shield" headed "Am. Slave Dealers"
he put on "from a Correspondent," he has declined
circulating some thing & has not published this

"Declaration of Independence" of our "Leading U.S. Jo[urnal]." Still, I accept what I can get, & am thankful for the smallest favours.

I need not I think, tell you G is not an able writer, compared at least with the writers on the Times. He dashes at every subject, & treats many erroneously & superficially: the first of the 3 leaders is always his own — so he tells me.

The paper is not a high class one, — it does not get into the houses of our aristocracy or the upper middle-classes. It belongs to the "Licenced Victuallers Company" a large body in London, & connected with the wholesale[rs] of Hotels: in almost every such house in London the M.C. is seen. It does some business too in the religious line, — among the orthodox dissenters. At Bristol probably from 2 to 300 copies of the Times come daily, of the M.C. I suppose not 10 others.

You are hardly perhaps aware that we have but 13 daily papers in the whole country, — all of them in London, the prices of all our papers of any value, are from 4½d to 6d each so you will be able to account for their limited number. The profits of the Daily News have already cost £30.000, & a heavy L[oss] is still going on.

But I must not forget my little episode — when I first called on Mr. Grant in London in June last having corresponded with him a little about my Article of Feb[y] 19 when I had taken 400 copies of the M.C. as a bonus for its insertion, he received me

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2nd with a degree of friendliness which rather surprised me, & led I suspected him of a little Scottishness: - further acquaintance, (or my vanity perhaps) led me to believe him sincere. He certainly wanted to talk about, & to know something of Com. A.S. - When I told him of your sister being in London he expressed surprise, & much gratification at my offer of an introduction. This was easily effected, Mr G. was in ecstacies, & soon came out a reader with the Martyrdom history of Mrs C. &c!

When I suggested to G. that I doubted if she would like this personal history with all its embellishments a la Martineau, being brought before the London public, he looked amazed, evidently thinking he had done the kindest of acts to Mrs Chapman.

However, things went on famously; & Mr G. was polite to the Devonshire House party and my theme Adventures, lending books, procuring a box at the Opera &c & I smiled "darkest pieds but" had been respectfully sworn. But the course of true love is not always smooth. Soon after my return home Mr G. wrote to me & presumed Mrs C. &c had left London for he had ceased to have any cabinet addressed to them, but books lent &c, &c at the same time however saying that hardly any notice had been taken by them of various civilities he had endeavoured to shew them. All I could do at first was to offer him that I knew Mrs C. really highly appreciated his attentions, & I was certain no want of [illegible] & further feeling on her part were the cause, as far

Ld: cause a little repetition.

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resented conversation, she had expressed her displeasure - I spoke of this to enable the family were in about your brother's illness, & that they had declined some invitation to a large party, their attendance at which had been erroneously stated in the papers. Mr G. replied that the Opera tickets were used tho' not even acknowledged &c &c - I could not allow a breach to occur between you & us & on new A. L. ally upon such trifles; so said a great deal to Mr G. & got them to write as soon as possible, & I believe at length Mr G. was appeased. Perhaps he was a little exigeant; but the Editor of a London Daily Paper is a great man, & with considerable patronage in some respects. they have free admissions to public places &c &c. and are much bowed to, & petted by "country cousins."

When your family were with us, & we talked over the matter a little: but I found Miss Weston so much vexed about it that I hardly said all I wished, to prevent her from the possible absurdity that I had made undue of the matter than there was any occasion for; I wanted her to read Mr Grant's letter to me to prove what he had felt, but she begged I would not press it. On talking about the affair with Emma & Lizzie, the latter coolly said she should not think of returning thanks for an Opera box ticket (the value probably not less than 5 Guineas) & Emma maintained the dis both they were in

about your brother ought to have protected them from any unfavourable construction of their conduct by Mr G. This argument would have weight had they not profited by his politeness. The truth was, they at least as it appeared to me, they were in a great whirl in London, with engagements attentions &c, &c, and were not methodical in their arrangements. They seemed to us to need the help in these matters, of some English friend: it was not to be wondered they should all at once fall into the routine of our habits. I never thought them able to appreciate & profit by the advantages of our penny postage system. There are 10 daily deliveries in London of local correspondence - You may write & get an answer, & write again in one day to any part in & near London - Mr Grant kindly sent Mary & me 2 Opera tickets one day while we were in London; we could not use them ourselves, but being worth £1 were a great boon to some musical friends, to whom I sent them; but by the next post I had sent Mr G a note of thanks for his attention. We always thought Mr Wells had had work in understanding the arrangements of the party. She appeared to be the Secretaire Mrs Chapman as a sort of President of the Council or Chamber Council: the younger ones seemed more the Representatives of their own fancies than Members of a deliberative Cabinet, or as "ce Monsieur" (so termed by Mrs Chapman) has it, of a "Consultative Committee." - Others of

was left in London drinking tea at Mr Grant's, after he was gone to his office, I asked Mrs G. about this unfortunate coolness: she said her father was painfully annoyed at it, that he had aimed to pay Mrs G. & her family every attention, but the unmitigated reception of his efforts did seem to them like intentional rudeness. She was however, I assured me her father was, quite satisfied with subsequent explanations.

Now I am afraid, had there been a difference between friends of the ordinary kind, my benevolence would not have induced me to interfere in the matter, as it is an office I never would undertake: but I could have no motive interest in the C. L. cause to allow, if by any trouble I could avert it, the estrangement of Mr. Grant from your sister upon a trifling matter. That they were remiss in acknowledging Mr G's civilities I have no doubt: but I knew their hearts so well that I felt it in no danger of incurring trouble in the strongest assertion of their having been guilty of no intentional want of courtesy.

Had you not asked for it, you would never have had this long story from me; I tell it regardless of any deductions you may make from it: you will perhaps think I attach more importance to Mr Grant than he is worth. You had better not refer to this silly affair to the Parsonses until you all meet in Boston, — & then it may be forgot

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†-(over leaf) — Once they sent by a private hand a note of invitation to tea the same evening — the hasty reason the invitation on the next day. —

3rd January 2nd 1852.

There is now some prospect, I hope of my getting this letter off my hands — we have sent despatches to day by a private hand to Paris. On Monday we had letters from Mrs C. & Miss Watson: it makes one's heart ache to think of the condition of France, & of the horrid scenes daily enacted, & in some or other form continued at Paris! They write most guardedly, not signing their names & requiring of us the same precaution. We presume they have altered some proscribed person. We cannot but feel anxious about them being in France at this time. Our concern & regret at their going thither at all after having been there for 3 winters, are not diminished by the recent enormities committed by the unprincipled President upon that demoralized nation.

Mrs Chapman's beautiful bird-all in white she kindly gave us, is framed & glazed, & mounted upon the sideboard in our dining room.

I will take an early opportunity of sending to some one of our Boston friends a copy of Russell Carpenter's "Letters on Am. Slavery" reprinted from the "Chris. Reformer" as soon as I can find an opportunity after they are out. I hate they will undergo some revising there & here. I will ask Mr. Webb to do something.

As Mary has a volume ready for you, & is disposed to write more, I will leave for her the

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rest of my paper, & trusting she will supply any deficiencies of kindness & regard in which my letter is deficient, I will only subscribe myself

Your sincere friend
J. B. Collier.

Will you offer my warm regards to Mr Garrison Mrs Mey, Mr. Quincy & Mr. W. Phillips.

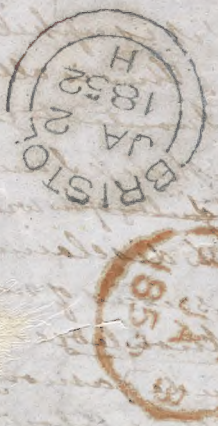
The non this delay in the transmission of my promised "volume" dear Annie, which my Father's want of health & time for completing its composition has caused, must have deprived it of the very small chance it would have had of gaining a reading if you had, I had my Father given me as many days as he has hours notice that his own was at last completed ready for posting, you should have had a substitute with at least the recommendation of freshness. However rather than be guilty of "breach of promise" I consign to you the task of burning the unfinished manuscript, a task I undertake myself, & can just squeeze in my very best thanks for your last which came via Dublin. Its renewed assurance of your brother's improved health gave us the liveliest joy, your & yours blend in all our fond, & hopeful, as well as anxious wishes for the opening year; & the memory of all the added happiness that has come to us from this same source are among our most grateful retrospects in that from which we have just parted. You & your fellow-laborers have had many an affectionate mention in Bristol during the Bazaar week; under all your temporary difficulties & disadvantages we are prepared to learn that the pecuniary gain is smaller this year, but the very causes that make it to us

in these ways help on your triumph. We are still in the midst of a hard contest. Mr Scoble has attacked Mr Ed. Mathews, in a letter to the Mr. Advertiser, with the view of destroying confidence in him which is a necessary preliminary to putting forth his Dawn scheme which we expect to see in the next "Reporter". The attack has been answered in the Mr. Adv. by E. Mathews & there was clearly nothing tangible in the pretended misstatement about his application to speak in Faneuil Hall, being that E. M. had at the time corrected the slight inaccuracy Scoble took hold of. But as the latter can send about his accusation in the Reporter without letting the reply be seen, it will serve his purpose, & no doubt he concocted his letter with his ally L. Tappan, while "the Am. & Foreign A. S. Soc[y]" was taking its journey, (as recorded by Mr Linney in his printed article, which delights us & our pupils) We are writing to as many people as we can to open their eyes to Scoble's crooked policy in regard to Ed. Mathews & Dawn, & do not despair of victory, tho' it is uphill work, needing unremitting devotion to it. This is all the Anti-slavery you shall be troubled with. I wanted to say over y[e] last, but space is dwindling. Nevertheless I must point to the new organization spirit you betray in your writing a letter glaringly full of vanity, & ending with disclaiming the frailty (which you must have been conscious of many throughout festive) & owning on a former occasion & acknowledged it, while clapping every other sin to which you allude (as none) you are free from. tho' "maintaining that the catalogue of y[r] failings is very long." I fear you will find it as difficult to extricate yourself from this labyrinth of inconsistency as "the Am. & For. Soc[y]" does to explain why he took the money. If there were room I sh[d] tell you a piece of criticism of my Father's in reference to "his friend" who he fears is sadly given to domineering over Mr Garrison." But as you never saw him or heard him talk the description of the conversation would not convey much impression. Will you must come to Park St. (unexpectedly if

you prefer it) but come, & Mr Webb has written to say that whenever you drop in he will drop in very soon after, & if you should not strike us as so very beautiful as you have labored to make us imagine you, we will try to tolerate you & being remarkably unsusceptible, if any impressions from the source we may find life difficultly to put up with its absence than your new acquaintance. I am afraid if we are ever to meet ~~it must be~~ altogether in this world it must be by your coming to us for there is nothing like half so well as a fortnight's visit

21 CENTS

Miss S. D. W. Weston,
Weymouth
nr Boston
Mass



Mrs & Miss Estlin
Dec. 12 - 26 - Jan 2 '52

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America there are no conceivable circumstances that would justify my Father's attempting a voyage there which would in all probability be fatal before he reached your shores, nor are there any within the compass of my imagination to justify my doing this, so you see we are reduced to a narrow alternative. My friend has just come to Bristol for a few days as she could not spend Christmas in Paris & the sea is a great deal too rough for your dear sister, & mine, & now, bright, in our heart & our eyes how much we had them safe here in bodily presence. The